

Technical and Market Feasibility Analysis – Aqua 4.0

The aquaculture industry is vast and rapidly adopting new technologies to streamline conventional processes. AI models can significantly speed up time-consuming tasks, such as shrimp larvae counting, which is often estimated using a 10 ml measuring jar due to the lack of precise counting methods.



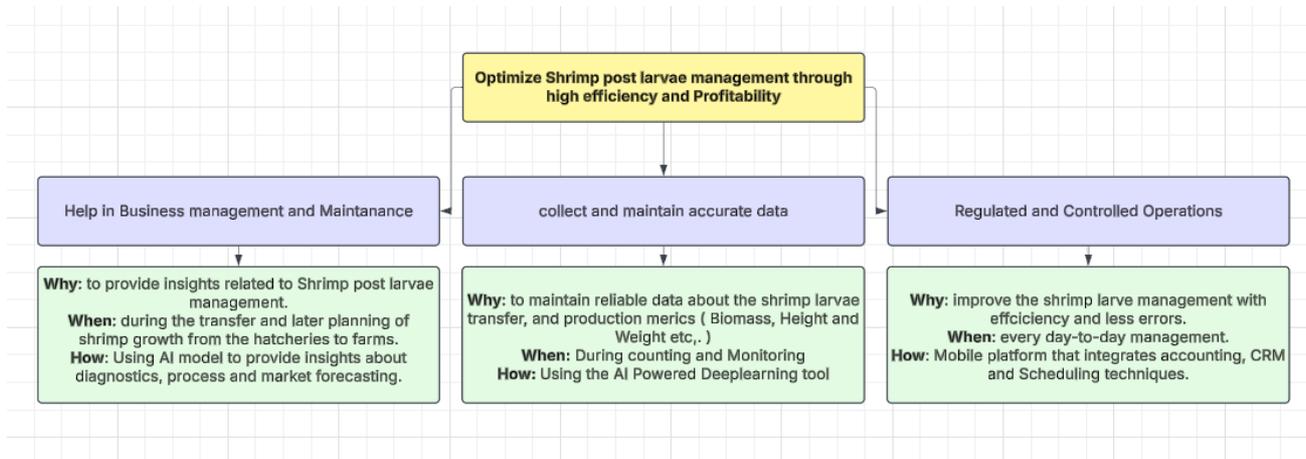
What exactly is “Aqua 4.0” ?

It's an AI-powered solution designed to automate shrimp larvae counting while providing additional insights such as **size, weight, and biomass monitoring**. This technology leverages **Image Recognition** to deliver **real-time data**, improving accuracy and efficiency in shrimp farming.

FAST (Function Analysis System Technique)

This technique creates a graphical representation of the logical relationships between a project's functions (Value Analysis Canada, 2019). It helps visualize Aqua 4.0's core and supporting functions, ensuring development aligns with user needs and operational requirements.

Therefore, the core functions of Aqua 4.0 include:



- Capturing and counting the Shrimp larvae using the Mobile Camera.
- Processing the recorded images using the AI model.
- Identification and counting of shrimp larvae using deep learning models.
- Giving the estimates of weight and biomass using the predictive algorithms of deep learning.
- Utilizing the collected to synchronize with the planning and CRM tools within the application for the aquaculture management.

On the other hand, there are several supporting functions such as user-friendly application interface with multilanguage support, storage of growth history for analysis etc.

I. Technical Feasibility

1. Technical Requirements:

The development of Aqua 4.0 is divided into hardware and software. On the hardware side, we use 12 MP cameras with 98%+ image accuracy for precise counting. The software side requires high-latency cloud platforms to enable real-time monitoring, data analysis, and business management for shrimp farmers and hatchery owners.

On the flip side, the software requirements would be,

- AI modeled computer vision algorithms that can indicate improved accuracy in terms of counting accuracy to be 95%.
- Framework platforms like TensorFlow lite or ONYX models for utilizing Edge computing frameworks can integrate all the functions needed without having to heavily rely on backend computation and other technologies as needed (ONYX Data, 2023)).



Apart from that, regular internet connectivity, cloud storage etc.

2. Resource Availability:

There is no shortage of developers skilled in open-source AI frameworks like TensorFlow and ONNX (ONYX Data, 2023). The only hardware requirement post-development is a mobile phone. A specialized team with expertise in AI, mobile development, cloud computing, project and product management, and business strategy is essential for successful technology development.

3. Compatibility:

The system enables easy interpretation into the existing aquaculture management and ERP software using the standard and existing API's and tools such as RESTful (Kong, 2022) and Apart from that most of the mobile phones are either Android or IOS, hence a smooth launch with effective marketing can promise for easy adaptability.

4. Cost Analysis

- **AI Model Development** - \$50,000 to \$100,00 (Bas, 2024).
- **Mobile Application** - \$20,000 - \$50,000 (Srivastava, 2023)
- **Cloud Infrastructure and Data collection** - \$30,000 - \$60,000 (Bas, 2024).
- **Regulatory and legal compliance** - \$5,000 - \$20,000 (National Bureau of Economics, 2020)
- **Maintenance** – 10,000-\$25,000 (10-15% of the overall development costs).
- **Marketing** – can start from \$10,000

Let us look at what might be the cost that would need to put in for developing the technology.

Market Validation - Is it feasible based on the costs ? – “YES”

- So the above calculations for the costs required for the development of this technology can be summed up to be \$202,500 which is 1.7 Crores in Indian Rupees.
- The estimated SOM for Aqua 4.0 is near 22.5 Crores in Indian rupees. Hence the development costs are considerably less than 10% of the attainable SOM.
- With even average to modest market capture the development costs look to be feasible for the development of technology and the platform.

Note: Based on the market segmentation section below)

II. Market Segmentation

Understanding the potential size and shape of the market is a critical step in the early stages of developing a business (Agarwal, 2022). So we will look at the market segmentation for Aqua 4.0 in India as our initial market. We will be looking at the market validation using Total Addressable Market (TAM), Serviceable Available Market (SAM), and Serviceable Obtainable Market (SOM).

Total Addressable Market (TAM): The Full Market Potential

This represents the Maximum Revenue Opportunity, if all hatcheries and shrimp farms in India adopt our Aqua 4.0.

- Key Data for TAM Calculation
- Total shrimp seed production capacity = 125 billion PL
 - Current shrimp seed production = 90 billion PL
 - Proposed AI counting fee per larvae = ₹0.10 per PL
- TAM= 90 billion * 0.10 rupees = 9 billion rupees or 900 crores.**

India is the largest shrimp exporter, valued at ₹38,000 crores, with major importers being the USA (41%), China (16%), and the EU (14%). Andhra Pradesh leads shrimp production, followed by West Bengal, Odisha, and Gujarat. With 500+ hatcheries and thousands of farms operating across India, AI-driven PL counting could significantly reduce labor costs and enhance stocking accuracy. For example, an Andhra Pradesh hatchery handling 1 billion PL annually could greatly benefit from automation. If all hatcheries and farms adopted AI-based counting, the total revenue potential could reach ₹900 crores per year.

Serviceable Available Market (SAM): The Realistic Reach

SAM represents the portion of the market that is realistically reachable based on current infrastructure, financial capability, and technology adoption trends.

- Key Data for SAM Calculation
- Total hatcheries in India: 500+
 - Total shrimp farms: 40,000 (approximate based on farming area)
 - Tech-ready hatcheries (50%): 250 hatcheries
 - Large/tech-savvy shrimp farms (20%): 8,000 farms
 - Estimated seed production within this segment: 45 billion PL
- SAM = 45 billion x ₹0.10 = ₹4.5 billion (₹450 crores)**

One of example can be managing the mid-sized farm in Andhra Pradesh, which is approximately 5-hectare, where the we can improve stocking accuracy without investing in expensive equipment by adopting a low-cost mobile based AI counting solution. Such farms and hatcheries form the core of the ₹450 crore SAM market.

Serviceable Obtainable Market(SOM): The Initial Market Capture.

- Key Data for SOM Calculation
- Early adoption rate for hatcheries (5%): 12-13 hatcheries
 - Early adoption rate for shrimp farms (2%): 160 farms
 - Estimated seed production within this early adoption group: 2.25 billion PL
- SOM = 2.25 billion × ₹0.10 = ₹225 million (₹22.5 crores)**

SOM represents the early adopters and the market share we can actually capture in the initial phase based on industry trends and competitive landscape.

Farmers and hatcheries relying on manual counting face inefficiencies and high costs, driving demand for affordable, mobile-based AI solutions over costly automation hardware. Odisha’s shrimp farms, supported by government-backed aquaculture modernization, are ideal early adopters. For instance, a shrimp farmer in Odisha could use our offline-capable AI tool to accurately count larvae and receive stocking density recommendations in Telugu. This localized, cost-effective approach ensures quick adoption and organic growth.

Business Viability and Growth Potential in India:

The initial question rises about the revenue- is ₹22.5 Crores (₹22.5 million) revenue strong enough to launch the product, where the answer can be, this product can make a strong market entry point for a technology start-up in aquaculture. Some of the vital points can be discussed such as:

- **Aquaculture Tech Market in Growing Rapidly:** With the penetration of AI into the aquaculture, and its gaining momentum, we can expect quick scale-up of the product. If SOM expands from 5% to 20% of SAM, we can expect revenue to exceed 100 crore+ in the next 2-3 years.
- **Scalability and Expansion Potential:** We are thinking of future expansion to other aquaculture species like fish larvae counting, which increase market size. Broader SAM can push beyond ₹450 crores, by expanding beyond early adopters.
- **Competitive Advantage Over Manual Counting:** Traditional methods are labor-intensive and error-prone on the other hand, AI-based, mobile-first tech offers affordable and effective solution than other global competitors.

Growth Strategy for Scaling Beyond 22.5 Crore.

- Increase adoption from 5% to 20% of SAM leads to expansion of revenue to ₹100+ crore.
- Partnerships with hatcheries, fisheries associations and government bodies.
- Adopt latest developments in AI and stay updated with latest technology.

III. Competitor Analysis

Main competitors in the market today for Aqua 4.0, that perform similar operation are:

1. **TOMOTA S3 – Shrimp Counter**
2. **Minnowtech's BRS-1.**

Comparison Table: Aqua 4.0 vs. TOMOTA S3 vs. Minnowtech BRS-1

Feature	Aqua 4.0 (Mobile App)	TOMOTA S3 (Optical-Based)	Minnowtech BRS-1 (Sonar-Based)
Core Function	Shrimp farm management is done with the help of AI with counting, sizing and business tools.	With the compatibility of smartphone, post-larvae counting and shrimp sizing is done.	Sonar technology is used to estimate shrimp biomass continuously.
Technology Used	AI image processing via smartphone cameras.	Optical video recognition compatible with smartphones.	Subsurface sonar imaging device installed in ponds.
Accuracy	Approximately 95-97 % depending on image quality and environmental conditions.	More than 95% accuracy in counting up to 4,000 post-larvae in 10 seconds.	Over 95% in biomass estimation.
Hardware Requirement	Requires a smartphone with a camera.	Requires both a smartphone and the TOMOTA S3 device.	Requires installation of the BRS-1 sonar device in each pond.
Data Access and Sync	Stores data locally with cloud sync when online; accessible via mobile app.	Data saved on the smartphone; may require manual transfer for backup.	Data accessible through an online portal with API integration options.
Business & Financial Tools	Includes CRM, accounting, supplier network integration, and market insights.	No business or financial management features.	No business or financial management features.
Market Connectivity	Connects farmers with buyers and suppliers through the app	No market connectivity features	No market connectivity features
Predictive Analytics	Planned features for growth prediction and feed optimization using AI	Provides size variation data but lacks predictive analytics.	Offers biomass trends that can assist in feed and harvest planning.
Ease of Use	User-friendly mobile app interface; leverages familiar smartphone technology	Requires additional device but designed for ease of use with smartphones	Requires installation and calibration of sonar equipment in ponds
Scalability	Easily scalable; each farmer needs only a smartphone.	Scalable with the purchase of additional devices.	Scalable but requires significant investment for each pond.

In addition to the above mentioned features, Aqua 4.0 is available in **local languages**, to fit into the local market, especially in countries like India, as each region has its own language and way of understanding, along with complying the local regulations

Competitive Advantages of Aqua 4.0: Over TOMOTA S3:

- While TOMOTA S3, simply offers with the count and size of the shrimp, Aqua 4.0 can introduce an AI feature, that scans shrimp and predict possible growth forecasts, disease risk alerts and health recommendations accordingly.
- TOMOTA S3 requires separate hardware for counting, making it less accessible for small scale farmers, on the other hand Aqua 4.0 is more scalable, as it requires only a smartphone, which makes it cost sensitive especially in countries like India, Vietnam and Indonesia.

Over Minnowtech BRS-1 (Sonar Based Biomass Estimation)

- With the help of Aqua 4.0, water quality assessment can be done to help improve shrimp health, which cannot be done using BRS-1.
- In Addition to this, BRS-1 is quite expensive and not much scalable to small and medium scale farmers, as the technology is expensive.

In addition, Aqua 4.0 integrates the direct market and supplier with the farmer, which allows the farmer to know about the price prediction, order tracking and also eliminate the need of middlemen.

This makes Aqua 4.0 not just a shrimp counter, but to an end-to-end business tool.

Let us also understand the overall competitive landscape using the Porter's 5 Forces Analysis.

Porter's Five Forces Analysis for Aqua 4.0

Threat of New Entrants – LOW to MEDIUM

- **Low barriers for AI-based apps but high for hardware-based competitors like TOMOTA & BRS-1.**
- **Aqua 4.0 wins by:** First person advantage in **AI-driven farm management** (not just counting).
- **Risk:** Big tech firms entering AI aquaculture.
- **Solution:** Scale fast & build brand loyalty.

Bargaining Power of Suppliers – LOW

- **Unlike TOMOTA & BRS-1, Aqua 4.0 has no hardware dependency which means there are minimal to no supply chain risks.**
- **Aqua 4.0 wins by- Zero reliance on hardware** (works on any smartphone) and also optional IoT integration for flexibility without supplier dependency.
- **Risk:** Future IoT partnerships could increase reliance on suppliers.
- **Solution:** Stay software-first.

Bargaining Power of Buyers – HIGH

- **Farmers are price-sensitive & demand ROI.**
- **Aqua 4.0 wins by- AI-powered cost savings** (feed optimization, price prediction), also with **marketplace & supplier integration** (helps farmers sell shrimp profitably).
- **Risk:** If farmers don't see financial benefits, they won't stay.
- **Solution:** Constant AI-driven cost & profit optimization

Threat of Substitutes – HIGH

- **Manual counting & competing apps exist.**
- **Aqua 4.0's AI predicts shrimp health, disease risks, & growth along with the availability of offline mode for better accessibility in rural areas.**
- **Risk:** New AI competitors replicating features.
- **Solution:** Keep improving AI insights.

Industry Rivalry – MEDIUM

- **\$70 Billion+ market, TOMOTA & BRS-1 are already established.**
- Aqua 4.0 is a One-stop solution (counting + AI + business tools).
- Localized adoption (India, Vietnam, Indonesia) & rapid scaling via freemium model.
- **Risk:** Competitors adopting similar AI features.
- **Solution:** Focus on financial impact (profit, cost-saving).

IV. Key Risks involved & Mitigation Strategies

Looking at possible risks that could potentially be roadblock during the execution of our platform needs to be addressed thoroughly. This helps us in identifying the key risks and create redundancy for the processes that would further be a part in the development of **Aqua 4.0**. We have used Failure Mode Effect Analysis, which helped us in ranking the highest potential risks using the Risk Priority Number (RPN) as shown below.

- **Timely Maintenance for the AI Program**
Continuous iterations aim to enhance AI image processing by improving adaptive brightness, noise reduction, and overall accuracy. Additionally, standardizing hardware and software through regular maintenance ensures long-term efficiency. For example, a quarterly maintenance program can test and calibrate mobile cameras, allowing the AI model to adapt to different devices—a crucial need in today's fast-evolving tech landscape. Moreover, training AI to function under varying lighting conditions ensures consistent performance. By iterating and refining these processes, we can ensure effective AI management and long-term scalability



